

Kentucky Gazette.

[NUMB. XXXIII]

Quicquid agunt homines—nostri farrago libelli. Juv. Sat. 8. v. 85.

[VOL. VIII]

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1795.

LEXINGTON; Printed by JOHN BRADFORD, at his Office on Main Street; where Subscriptions, (at Fifteen Shillings per Annum) Advertisements &c are thankfully received, and Printing in its different branches done with care and expedition.

EDWARD WEST,

TAKES this method of informing the public, that he has opened a Shop on Main Street, opposite Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where he will carry on the Silver Smith and Watchmaking business. Those who please to favor him with their custom in either of the above branches, may depend on having their work done in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Woodford court-house, and on gray Mare, three years old, fourteen hands high, star in her forehead, branded on the near buttock R3 valued to \$61.

John Lott.

February 24, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at or below the mouth of Twin creek, on South Licking, Harrison county, a bay mare, a dark mane, tail and legs, a star in her forehead and a slip on her nose, three years old past, four feet seven inches and a half high, appraised to \$21.

Peter Huffman.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the mouth of Tate's creek, a dark roan Horse, three years old, thirteen hands high, blaze, no brand to be seen, appraised to \$41. 100.

ANN BURTON.

January 25, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on North Lickhoun, Scott county, a bay mare blaze face, both hind feet white, 4 years old, fourteen hands high, appraised to \$61.

William Curry.

January 27, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Mercer county, near Miller's ferry, a bay Horse six years old, about thirteen hands 3 inches high, has three white feet and a small star, appraised to \$21.

DENNIS HOWLEY.

December 4, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at the seventeen mile tree on the Hickman road, Fayette county, a sorrel Mare, four years old last spring, has a small star in her forehead, her hind feet white, has a few small white specks on the left side of her jaw, thirteen hands high, a natural trotter, branded P on the near buttock, appraised to \$11.

Jennings M^r Daniel.

November 1, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Fayette county, near the mouth of Hickman creek, a dark brown MARE, five years old, neither docked nor branded; appraised to \$1. 150.

James Hogan.

March 10.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Hereby informs his friends and the public in general,

THAT HE CARRIES ON THE WATCH BUSINESS

IN ITS VARIOUS BRANCHES, Next door to ROBERT HOLMES the Chair maker;

Where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall have their work done on the shortest notice.

HE HAS A FEW VALUABLE SILVER WATCHES FOR SALE FOR CASH.

LEWIS WEST.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD. For Black WILL.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 11th of April 1795, WILL, is twenty years of age, five feet six inches high, heavy make. Any person taking up the above fellow and securing him so that the owner can get him again shall be entitled to the above reward and all reasonable charges paid by

Robert Benham.

Mouth of Licking, New-Port, Campbell county, State of Kentucky.

FOR SALE. TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND.

WITHIN eight miles of Lexington, on the old Lee town road; there is about fifty acres cleared and under good fence, a hewed log dwelling house, two stories high, shingle roof and two stone chimneys; a log barn, 60 feet by 20, good floors and shingle roof, kitchen and other out houses, a fine young peach orchard, some meadow and pasture. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

Austin Beauchamp.

April 18.

NOTICE.

I have opened a

COMMISSION OFFICE. AT the house formerly occupied by Mr. Bradford, near the lower end of the Main street in Lexington; where attention shall be given to the sale or purchase of lands, the registering and payment of taxes thereon, and to the investigation of titles thereto. I will also settle accounts, collect debts, and do such other business as I may be favored with.

RICHARD TERRELL. P. S. I have some valuable lands for sale in the counties of Macon and Shelby, and also in the military line south west of the Ohio, upon very low terms for cash.

A Company will start from the Crab orchard early on the morning of Thursday the 14th of May, thro' the Wilderness.

ROBERT BARR,

At his STORE on Main Street, sign of the Spinning Wheel, adjoining the two Locust Trees, has

Just Imported

A Large and General Assortment of MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the present and approaching Season;

And when joined with his present

Stock of Goods on hand,

will make the Largest and Completest assorted Store he has yet imported to this place, which he will vend on his customary LOW terms.—As this present importation of Goods has been principally laid in with Cash, it will enable him to fix his prices on such moderate terms, that he flatters himself he shall be able to meet the approbation of his former customers, and the public in general. Those gentlemen and ladies that will please to call, and make trial of his prices, he trusts will, in future, find it their interest to continue their favors.

FOR SALE.

4670 1-2 acres of LAND, on Caney creek, a branch of Ruff creek, and on the head of sundry waters, branches of Bore creek, & the head of Little Clifty in Hardin county.

1500 acres on Clover creek in Hardin county.

1500 acres on Sinking creek, (now known by the name of Picman's creek) in Greene county.

1000 acres on Brashiers's creek, in Shelby county.

1000 acres on Rock-castle, in Lincoln county.

2000 acres located by Col. James Knox, being part of an entry of 5000 acres made in the name of James Harris.

1000 Acres in Mercer county on the road leading from Harrodsburg to Frankfort. About sixteen miles from Frankfort.

800 Acres on Brush creek, a branch of Green river, about seven miles from Greene court-house.

400 Acres in Macon county, near May's Lick.

500 Acres about ten or twelve miles from the Iron Works, on the waters of State.

290 Acres near the last mentioned Land.

1200 acres about eight miles Eastwardly of the Big Bone Lick.

Also, 240 Acres on Green river in Lincoln county. Any person may know the terms by applying to the subscriber near Danville in Mercer county.

Samuel M^r Dorwell,

April 6, 1795.

I want to buy a quantity of our lands in this state, those who wish to sell, may find a purchaser, by applying to me in Lexington.

Thomas Irwin.

BACON.

WANT A Quantity of

Well Cured Bacon.

Middlings will be preferred—For which I will give a generous price in Merchandise.

James Morrison.

Lexington, April 17.

I will receive BACON in discharge of book accounts.

SAMUEL AYRES.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general that he has removed his shop higher up on Main street, next door above Mr. Moore's, and nearly opposite the Free Mason's lodge, where he still continues to make and repair all kinds of Gold and Silver work and repair watches in the neatest and best manner. All those who please to favor him with their custom, may depend on having their work done as expeditious as the time and nature of the business will admit.

Lexington, February 23.

JUST ARRIVED. AND NOW OPENING FOR SALE BY

BENJAMIN STOUT.

NEXT door to Henry Marshall's tavern, a handsome and general Assortment of MERCHANDISE, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Iron Montery, Glafs & Queens Ware, Medicines, Boots and Shoes, Calf Skins and Boot Legs; also a quantity of Hops, which he will dispose of on the lowest terms for Cash, Whiskey, Bear skins, and country made Sugar.

Lexington, Jan. 22, 1795.

ALL persons who have had accounts at the store lately kept by Mr. Samuel Downing, next door to Henry Marshall's tavern, are requested to make immediate payments to the subscriber, Mr. Downing, who was only employed by him to sell the goods, having given up to him the books and accounts, legally proved.

If due attention is not paid to this notice, the subscriber will be under the necessity to put all the accounts that will admit of it, into the hands of a magistrate for recovery; and take other steps for recovery of such as are above the jurisdiction of a magistrate.

ANDREW HARE.

Lexington, Jan. 6, 1795.

BLANK DEEDS,

Printed on excellent paper For sale at this Office.

ALL persons who have any claims against the estate of the late Major DAVID LETCH, are requested to make them known to me in order that provision may be made to discharge the same.

John Fowler.

March 20.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.

WE just now received intelligence that the fortresses of Nieuew-Flays had surrendered to the French without the least resistance. Their conduct at Utrecht has been exemplary. The rumor has been spread here, that they have sent a strong column to the country of Beithem, to eleven leagues from Maastricht, which would have completely furnished the English army, and forced them to surrender prisoners of war.

January 18, in the evening. Yesterday we learnt here that the van guard of the French having approached the suburbs, were visited by a deputation from the regency. They afterwards entered the city, where an immense crowd assembled before the hotel of the arms of Muiden. The news of the deliverance of Utrecht was received with universal applause, and all expressed their most ardent desire of breaking their fetters. Consequently, this morning, the 18th, the people put themselves in motion and assembled before the abovementioned hotel, each with a national cockade in his hat. At two in the afternoon, there was a deputation at the Bourgeois' master's. It returned at four o'clock. Shortly after, the cries of *Long live the Republic*, were every where heard.

January 19.

At eight o'clock in the morning all the bells began to ring and patriotic airs were sung. Two tricolor flags were hoisted on the state house. At eleven, the tree of liberty, crowned with a hat, was planted on the dam. Several insurrectionary patriots were released by the people, and conducted in carriages with great solemnity to the state-house.

January 27.

The French army is very well received in every part of the city. A strict discipline is observed. It is pleasing to hear the Dutch youth singing *Ga Ira*, though the streets. When the martial music strikes up the air, they all join in chorus. The national cockade has caused that of the Orange totally to disappear.

January 28.

Yesterday, a new tree of Liberty decorated in the most elegant manner and crowned with the cap of Liberty, was planted before the town-hall. It had been prepared by a society of French patriots, and carried in procession, with great pomp, from the church to the place where it was erected. Every person desired to touch it, and all who assisted in carrying it esteemed themselves happy. It was planted during a concert of various musical instruments. The national guard of Amsterdam formed a circle around, within which a great number of young ladies, dressed in white, and decorated with the three colored ribbon, danced amidst the acclamations of the people. It is charming to see the harmony that reigns between the French soldiery and our good citizens.

About the end of the last week, general White, went from hence, with a body of troops, for Helder, to seize the vessels of war which were there, as well as port New-Dieppe, in which expedition he succeeded, as well as that of port Helvoetsluis, whither he went for the same purpose.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, 19.

"We have had a new proof of the Stadtholderian party. And of the assembly of the ancient States General. It is now fully ascertained that in order to appease the patriots, those gentlemen had circulated a rumor, that the Stadtholder had resigned all his employments, civil and military, and

that his resignation had been accepted by the States General. This is a falshood, and the councillors of the Stadtholder have been more expert, or rather more perfidious. We may decide on this subject, from the following resolution, entered into by the States General the 15th of January, the very day on which the Stadtholder departed. The patriots have found this infamous document in the secret register of the deliberations of their high mightinesses.

"Sunday, Jan. 18, 1795.

"Report has been made to the assembly by Messrs. Groteny and other commissioners of their high mightinesses for military affairs, who have been directed by the resolutions of this day, written at the Hague, and of the following tenor:—That the circumstances which make his highness foresee the loss that awaits him in case the enemy should penetrate further into the country, and his not being willing to oppose any obstacle to peace, of which the good citizens have so much need, have determined him to quit the country with his family, for a certain time, hoping that their high mightinesses will not disapprove of this step. His highness prays the Supreme Being to shed his most precious blessings on this once happy country, and to restore its ancient splendor. He protests solemnly, he has used his best endeavors to serve it well, and that he utterly despairs of being able to contribute any further to its defence. And finally, that the circumstances should, at any future day, allow him to be useful to his country, which he holds dearer than any other object in the world, their high mightinesses will always find him disposed to exert himself to the utmost. His highness has determined that his two sons, whose resignation of the command of the troops of the state he has accepted, should accompany him."

Having deliberated on the premises, and had regard to the actual state of affairs, which demands some precautionary measures, which cannot be taken in the usual mode of deliberation, it has been found necessary to declare, that whatever may be determined for the present and hereafter, shall not carry any prejudice at future times to any person whatsoever. It has since been determined to write to the commanders of troops, as well as to the governors, commanders of cities and fortresses belonging to the States General, that his highness has withdrawn from their territory only for a time, and that his two sons, the princes of Orange, had been dismissed from the command of the army; in consequence it has been ordered that all the military officers shall provisionally forward the counsel of state of the Union, all the military and other reports which have hitherto been submitted to the said prince, in capacity of captain general of the United States.

Extract of a letter from Dunkirk, 14th of Pluvios.

"At present the report is general, that Zealand is in the power of the Republicans, and that Admiral Kinbergen, has by orders of the regenerated States, hoisted the three coloured flag."

PARIS, February 2.

Perpignan, Jan. 17.

The bad weather delays, it is true, the progress of our victorious army; but it does not suffer alone; it has been a greater injury to the enemy. Their fleets suffered much in the nights of the 16th and 17th—one of their large vessels had lost every mast or spar, and was towed in: 12 or 15 transports were cast ashore between the mouth of the Mougla to Roses. Several vessels besides were dismantled,

among others, the vice-admirals.

The Rose-bud has been evacuated, and as we are in possession of the land we shall soon be in possession of the roses.

February 7.

Brussels, Jan. 26.

Yesterday two representatives of the people arrived here from Amsterdam, they are going to Paris. Every where the soldiers of the Stadtholder lay down their arms. The English army is invisible; it is presumed that part is withdrawing towards Hanover, and that the remainder must be near Brele and Helvoetsluis, if they have found means of embarking.

We are credibly informed, that several magazines, and 300 English vessels, in the Zuyder sea, are in the power of the Republicans.

The capitulations of the towns and provinces of Utrecht, concluded with the French, contains the following articles:

The lives and property of the inhabitants shall be under the protection of the law; no one shall be molested for his conduct during the war, or the period that preceded it.—Entire liberty of religious worship.

All the other articles have been declared by the French general beyond his power to grant, and have been referred to the decision of the representatives of the French people.

January 27.

Every moment we are favoured with new details of the immense riches which victory has delivered to the Republicans in Holland. They exceed even the fondest wishes we entertained. They found a superb foundry of arms at the Hague, the city of Leff offered the most considerable and best furnished arsenal of Europe. The city of Dordrecht contained 632 brass cannon, 40,000 stands of arms, and immense quantity of warlike stores of all kinds, and provisions enough to maintain an army of 40,000 men during a whole campaign. Excellent dockyards, fitted in a masterly manner, for the construction of ships, and provided with timber enough to create a numerous fleet, were only part of the immense advantages resulting from the capture of Rotterdam. Every where magazines glutted with provisions, which the Dutch, guided by a prudent economy, stored up, in order to sell them with double advantage in a calamitous year.

Gold is not the most precious article the provinces of Holland offers us. Provisions of all kinds, and an abundance of those merchandizes which begin to become scarce in France, are of much more importance to the republic, and we know how to take all the advantages of this conquest, the former abundance will soon return to France. The maintaining of our armies will cost the republic not a farthing, and our enemies disgraced, confounded, defeated and routed on all sides, will be glad to accept, kneeling, the conditions we shall please to grant them.

February 11.

The Hollanders have established a convention. Their constitution is to be published the fifth of February. The arms of the Stadtholder is every where taken down. The States General of the United Provinces have decreed the following Proclamation, it has been just published:

PROCLAMATION.

"The Representatives of the French people who are at present in this country, having communicated to us that it would be necessary to make immediate provision for the pressing wants of the French army, and having consequently demanded the following articles:

200,000 quintals of wheat,
5,000,000 bundles of hay of 15lbs. each,

200,000 bundles of straw each of 10lbs.

150,000 pair of shoes,
20,000 pair of boots,
20,000 coats and waistcoats,
40,000 pair of breeches,
150,000 overalls,
200,000 shirts,
50,000 hats,

the whole to be delivered at three several periods, within one month, at Bois-le-Duc, Liel, and Nimegen.

And further—12,000 oxen, in the space of two months.

Decreed to be furnished accordingly."

The representative of the people Briez, delegated to the armies of the North, of the Sambre and Meuse, has written to his colleague, Merlin of Douay, that the French troops on the 19th instant, entered Middleberg and Elshing; and that all the province of Zealand is in their power.

From the *Monitor Universel* of the second of February.

ARMY OF THE NORTH.

Letter from General Daendels, quarter master general, at Aerdam, to the people of Holland, dated Jan. 17.

"The representatives of the people of France expect on the part of the people of Holland, that they should let themselves at liberty; they are neither willing to conquer, or to force them to receive assignats; but on the contrary to make an alliance with them as with a free people. Let the cities of Dordrecht, Amsterdam, Leyde, and Rotterdam, let all Holland make their revolution; and send deputies to the representatives of the people of France who are now at Bois-le-Duc.

Signed, the general of the division,

DAENDELS."

NATIONAL CONVENTION,

February 2.

The representatives of the people with the army of the North, of Sambre and Meuse, wrote to the convention from Hague, on the 21st of January.

"The strong holds, Willemstadt, Breda, Gortum, and Bergenop-Zoom; the Dutch fleet detained in the Texel by the ice; the ports of Tril and Belleborn, are all in the hands of the republicans.

—We owe the capture of the last mentioned port to General Bonaparte. Learning that 600 of our brethren were there held prisoners of war, he gave intimation to the commander of that fort of his intention to get possession of it. He in consequence, armed our brothers who drove out the English.

"We send off to Paris as prisoners of war, the princes salm and Hohenlohe, [not the great Hohenlohe who was in the Austrian service], who were stoped with an aide-camp of Clairfayt.

"They had offered a considerable sum to two captains, one Danish, the other American, to transport them to England. These brave men answered, that not being at war with the French, they would do nothing against their interest: they would observe strict neutrality. We shall write to the minister of Denmark, and the United States to testify to them the gratitude of the French republic."

A thousand plaudits interrupted the reading of this interesting intelligence.

Marec, organ of the committee of public safety, reported that the Breff fleet, had experienced, during its cruise, which had been only 24 hours, the fury of the winds; three vessels have been sunk, their crews, however, had been saved; three others had been damaged, but not very considerably; two of them have been since repaired.

The same member reported, that since the arrival of the last

messenger, 28 prizes had been taken.
[Sup. K. Herald.]

Lexington, May 2.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia to his friend in this town, dated April 2, '05.
"A vessel arrived here yesterday from Cadiz in 29 days, which brings certain news of the French being in possession of Amsterdam, the gates were opened to them in February. There seems to be a perfect understanding between the French and them—The French have got almost all their fleet and 1000 sail of merchantmen—The Stadtholder with his family are in London, where it is expected the French will soon visit them: The French general has written the Stadtholder to that purpose."

COURT OF Oyer & TERMINER,
April Term, 1795.

The Grand Jury having received their charge, retired, and on their return into Court, presented the following indictments, viz.

Against Joseph Logsdon, from Green county, for horse stealing, a true bill.

Against Daniel Boyd, for murder, a true bill.

Robert Cloyd, who was committed to jail, accused of being accessory to Joseph Logsdon, indicted for horse stealing, was discharged from his imprisonment.

Daniel Boyd, arraigned, found guilty, condemned to be executed on Friday the 29th day of next month, (8 day).

Joseph Logsdon, arraigned, tried, and acquitted by the Jury.

Jahna Howell, indicted for horse stealing,

James Mcowan do. for burglary,

Andrew Beagle do. for do.

Thomas Kennedy do. for murder,

John Ladd do. for burglary,

Henry Skinner do. for larceny,

John Petty do. for horse stealing, bailed and run away.

Boyle still and have not been sentenced.

WANTED, AN APPRENTICE TO THE

Wheel & Chair-Making Business.

A LAD between the age of 14 and 16 years, active, industrious and of a good disposition—Apply to the subscriber living on Cross street in the town of Lexington.

Who will give

C A S H

FOR A

NEGRO BOY.

About fifteen or sixteen years old, and who is of good character.

Robert Holmes.

THE subscriber once more requests those indebted to him to him by bond, note or book account, to make immediate payment. Those who furnished iron to do their Smith work, may discharge their accounts with gold, silver, whiskey, sugar, bacon, corn or oats; but those for whom I found the iron, and who agreed to pay me in produce by a certain time & have failed, need not bring it now, as it will not be received in payment—it is expected, that the above request will be complied with, before the 20th of next month; otherwise their accounts will on that day be put into the hands of proper officers to collect.

Charles Sumption, P. S.
Lexington, April 28, 1795. 3w

RUN AWAY

From the subscriber near Lexington, on the evening of the 20th of April, a likely young

NEGRO-MAN,

BOY twenty-five or twenty-six years of age, light black, look with his two teeth, and two pair of overalls, a black waistcoat had breeches, a light colored broad cloth coat, an old fur hat and pair of white stockings. Whoever delivers the said negro to me, or gives him to that I get him, shall have FIVE DOLLARS reward.

if Peter Hughes.

TAKEN up by the subscriber living on a branch of Boley's run, about three miles from Thomas Lillard's, a black Mare, adjudged to be nine years old, about thirteen and a half hands high, part of her near hind foot white, has a scar on the near shoulder a little below the usual place for a brand, her mane has been cut and hangs to the left side.

John Ward.

April 6, 1795.

THE balance of the untold Lots in Wilmington, Campbell county, will be sold by the trustees of said town on the first Monday of May ensuing, the same being court-day. I shall personally attend myself in order to sell a quantity of lands in the neighborhood of Wilmington, for which I will give two years credit.

John Grant.

ALL those indebted to the subscribers are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, as they mean to give no longer indulgence. Likewise those who have any demands against them to bring in their accounts for settlement.

Seitz & Latman
January 6, 1795.

WANTED

To purchase,

The pay of the Volunteers, That served on the late expedition under major gen. Scott, for which

Cash and Merchandize

Will be given by

TROTTER & SCOTT.

March 27, 1795.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

SALEM, March 17.

Captain Grant, in the brig Union, arrived yesterday at Marblehead, in 56 days from Lisbon. A few days before he sailed, a packet arrived from England, with information of a French fleet of 33 ships of the line being in the English channel, and capturing all the inward bound merchantmen, & that Lord Howe was preparing to go out and engage them. Captain Grant heard nothing at Lisbon of the capture of Amstedam.

NEW-YORK, March 21.

By accounts received at Philadelphia, the French invasion of the British settlements on the coast of Africa, is confirmed. The colony at Sierra Leone, has been severely visited.

This settlement was projected in 1787—and a bill brought in the house of commons by Mr. Thornton, for incorporating the company, which had been established for the express purpose of cultivating West India and other tropical productions, and meliorating the condition of the free blacks, who were to be the principal settlers. The settlement, however, has been unfortunate since its commencement—at one time afflicted by the diseases, consequent to the rains which enslave the country—at others by the treachery and cruelty of the natives! The natural articles of the country, which had become objects of considerable traffic, were camwood, ivory, gum, pepper, hides, and beewax; and the plantations on the river had promised success to the experiments in sugar, cotton, &c. This last derangement, however, will most likely prove fatal to the whole establishment.

By the brig Endeavor, Captain Hill, from Guadaloupe, last from St. Bartholomew's, we learn, that 4000 troops had landed there from France; chiefly mulattoes; who were all fine looking men, well clothed and under the highest discipline; they were preparing gun boats, &c. for a secret expedition, supposed to be against St. Domingo. The Captain says, that in his opinion, thirty thousand British could not take Guadaloupe, the fortifications and works being in a complete state of defence, and the troops and inhabitants in the highest spirits.

Captain Hill also mentions, the cargoes of American ships that are taken by the government, a certain price is fixed on them.

April 12, 1795.

Extract of a letter from Antigua dated the 11th of March, to a gentleman in this city.

"Having written you lengthily yesterday, I take up my pen now, merely to inform you, that an English schooner has this day arrived from Grenada, with the intelligence, that the French had landed there and were in possession of near three fourths of the island. The confirmation it occasions here you can easily imagine."

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.

Yesterday arrived here the schooner Dove, Capt. Town, from Marigalante, via St. Eustatia, he left the former place on the 4th ult. and the latter on the 8th do.

He was informed at Marigalante, that 2000 troops only, had arrived at port Liberty, from France, and that a fleet of sixty sail of armed vessels, including transports and floe ships, with a number of troops on board, were getting ready at port Liberty, to go against Martinique, which place they expected to conquer in a short time. Capt. Town says, that the Commodore of the French fleet, who was arrested at Point a-Petre, at his arrival there, was honorably acquitted, and Mr. O'Brien was still kept in confinement.

Brien was still kept in confinement.

GEORGETOWN, Feb. 17.

Letters and verbal information from Amsterdam as late as the 15th January, state, that the French were expected daily; that they had taken Utrecht, within twenty miles of the capital, and had nothing to stop them.

NEW-LONDON, March 19.

Extract of a letter from a respectable authority at Barbadoes, to a merchant in this city, dated February 9.

"On the 6th, a vessel arrived here from England, which brought the important information, that the British outward bound fleet was blocked up in Torbay, by 36 French ships of the line, and that the British were preparing a fleet to relieve them.

"Guadaloupe and Marigalante are by British proclamation declared blockaded."

IN BREST,

It is said, there are about 1200 English prizes, and 25,000 prisoners.

BALTIMORE, March 24.

Arrived here on Sunday last, the schooner Amazon, captain Gould, from Guadaloupe.

Captain Gould informs that an attack upon Dominica, was in agitation by the French, and by what we could learn, they had 5000 effective men, every way completely equipped for the business.

Flour was selling, when captain Gould left Guadaloupe, at eleven dollars per barrel, beef at thirteen dollars, clayed sugar from 75 to 80 livres, and brown sugar at 50 livres! He likewise saw a sixty-four and two frigates off the cape.

On Thursday morning arrived here the Brig Fishpond, Captain Melyn Miller, from St. Thomas's.

He informs us, the English acknowledged, that unless they obtained speedy relief, they could not hold any part of St. Domingo many days longer; as they were blockaded in the towns of Port-au-Prince and St. Marks, they dare not go out for fear of the Republicans.

On Saturday the 7th March, spoke a brig from Newburyport, captain Stevens, who informs that he was lately at Martinico, and that the British troops there expected, that they should be obliged to evacuate that island shortly, unless relief arrived to them from England.

On Wednesday the 11th of March, spoke a schooner in lat. 22, 40, long. 75, to, lately from the Isle of Leogane, Capt. Foster, bound to Boston; who informs that the schooner Ariel of Baltimore arrived there ten or twelve days before Capt. Foster left that place; that he was boarded by an English frigate off Cape Henry, who took from him four of his hands. Capt. Miller was also informed at St. Thomas's, by a gentleman lately from St. Domingo, that the inhabitants were in daily expectation of being taken by the French; that so strong were their apprehensions on this account, as almost to cause a total suspension of business; he also says, the French are in full possession of St. Lucy.

HARTFORD, Feb. 23.

On the 21st of January last the following persons slept together in one bed in the town of Union, state of New-York, viz. One grand father, one grand mother, two fathers, two mothers, three brothers, two sisters, four uncles, two aunts, four children and two cousins; & but seven persons in the whole.

A LARGE PARTY

FROM Cincinnati and Kentucky, will meet at Limestone on the 7th of May, in order to set out on the 8th for Wheeling and Pittsburgh.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Harrison county, near Cynthia, a bay Mare, eleven or twelve years old, thirteen and a half hands high, branded on the neck (shoulder) resembling thus W or M a small bell on with two notches in the flag put on with a double buckle and a strap, a natural trotter, appraised to \$1.

THOMAS RANKIN.

December 24, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Fayette county, on Kentucky river, below the mouth of Jellamie creek, a brown Horse, appears to have been branded but the brand not legible, not shed 3 years old this spring, posted and appraised to \$12.

Benjamin Martin.

April 14, 1795.

Under by forborn all Persons FROM taking an assignment of a bond passed from me to Jacob Fry, for the conveyance of 900 acres of land on Sandy river, as I am determined not to comply with the same; the said Fry having failed in the consideration he was to have given for the said land.

William Gill.

April 14, 1795.

Noted against taking any assignments on three bonds, or either of them (given by me to William Logsdon on the South side of Green river) for \$61. 125. 4d. each; one was due the first of November 1794—another the first of May 1795—and the other the first of May 1797, and dated the tenth day of March 1794, as he cannot comply with his engagement to me, and in consequence of which the said bonds were given; therefore I shall not pay them unless compelled by law.

Samuel Kelley.

Madison county, April 27, 1795.

A List of LETTERS REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE.

At Frankfort, which if not taken out before the next quarter, will be returned to the General Post Office, as Dead Letters.

COL John Adair, Mercer; Eliz. Arnold, to the care of A. Crockett; James Arnold, Benson; Robert Bower, Woodford; Thomas Brooks, G. Fow N; Abram Buford, Scott county; James Bader, near Frankfort; John Barker, Woodford county.

Richard Cole, Woodford county.

Thomas Hickman, Frankfort;

John Hooks, merchant, Franklin;

Thomas Marshall, supervisor revenue Ohio District.

James Richards, Frankfort.

Col. William Steele, Woodford;

William Stodder, near Frankfort;

John Smith, Glen's creek, Thomas Swift, Woodford.

Willis Lee.

James Twyman, attorney at law.

Thomas Waring esq.

ISAAC E. GANO

For DAN. WEISGER, P.M.

April 11, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Green creek, about five miles from Paris, a sorrel Mare, with a blaze face, nine or ten years old, about fourteen hands high, some saddle spots, big with foal, no brand perceivable, appraised to \$10.

William Warren.

December 24, 1794.

TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from the subscriber, on the 26th instant, a sorrel MARE with a bald face, about 14 years old, several saddle spots, she had on when she went away a chain on her neck. Whoever will deliver said Mare to the subscriber living in Woodford county, near the court-house, shall have the above reward.

Jeremiah Harrison.

April 27, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Woodford court house, a bay Mare, two years old, thirteen and a half hands high, star in her forehead, no brand perceivable, valued to \$1.

John Harris.

December 14, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Harrison county, on Twin creek, a dark bay Mare, three years old next spring, fourteen and a half hands high, a star in her face, the off hind foot white, a gray roan spot on her off hip, branded on the near shoulder and batcock thus SK appraised to \$12.

Robert Ellison.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Harrison county, on the waters of Gray run, a bright bay Mare, two years old, has a star and snip inclining towards the right nostril, branded on the near batcock SK appraised to \$13.

William Gray.

March 20, 1795.

On Thursday last, about ten o'clock in the morning, between the court house and Dr. Downing's, on Main Street, Lexington,

4 Yards Olive JEANS, WHOEVER will deliver it to the Printer hereof, shall be well rewarded.

May 2, 1795.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from the subscriber about the 23rd March last, a dark iron gray HORSE, about 14 hands high, 5 years old, a blaze face with a gray spot over his left eye, the lower part of his tail and one hind foot white, branded on the neck under the mane WM the letters filled with whitish hairs. He was seen about 13 miles from this place on the lower Limestone road. Whoever delivers said horse to the subscriber shall receive the above reward.

William Hughes.

Lexington, April 24, 1795.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber are requested to make payment on or before the 20th of May next. Those who fail must expect such measures will be taken as will be disagreeable to them as well as to

Boggs & Anderson.

Lexington, April 11, 1795.

NOTICE. I hereby give to all those for whom Terrell & Hawkins cleared out preemptions in Kentucky; that they are ready to make divisions of the Lands, in order that they may be taxed, as we shall only enter the proportions of Terrell & Hawkins. We are ready to survey the preemption upon Miller's landwards improvement on the Ohio below the mouth of Sciota, and also that upon Nath. H. Triplett's improvement whenever the improvement shall be shown.

Richard Terrell, & Ato's for James Hawkins & Terrell & Hawkins.

Lexington, August 29, 1794.

TAKEN up on the big tooth fork of the Rolling fork, out of the settlement of this State, by John Reed, living on the Rolling fork, Washington county, a bay MARE, big with foal, nearly 14 hands high, 5 years old, both hind feet white up to the fet locks, has several saddle spots, branded on the near shoulder not legible, not docked, appraised to \$12.

February 2, 1795.

Washington County J. I do hereby certify that the above stray was taken up before me, a justice of the peace for said county, according to law, and left in my care. Given under my hand this 13th day of April 1795.

Philip Cleland.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Clarke county, on the Kentucky river, near the mouth of Indian creek, a dark bay Mare, six years old, left hind foot white, no brand perceivable; some white hairs in the forehead, snip on the right side of the nose, appraised to \$7.

Joseph Jackson.

April 22, 1795.

This is to give Notice, TO those dilailers who find it convenient to deliver their Whiskey in Lexington, that Benjamin Stout is authorized to receive the same, next door to Henry Marshall's tavern.

Thomas Carnel, col. rev. Lexington, Feb. 19, 1795.

A SALE of the lots in NEW-TOWN, Jefferson county, will be held in said town on the third Monday in May next.

Lewis Field, Isaac Hornbeck, James Standefer, Trustees. February 7, 1795.

WE have some time since given notice, that our Partnership was about to expire, and requested those who were indebted to us to come and settle their accounts. We again request that those who have not complied with our former request to come and settle with Mr. John Clay, who will superintend the business during our absence, which will be until about the last of May next, it is hoped that those who cannot make payment immediately, will give their obligations, as no further indulgence can be given.

P. CALDWELL & Co. Lexington, March 23, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Fayette county, near Bryan's Station, a sorrel Mare colt, one year old past last spring, no brand, blaze face, appraised to \$1. 10s. Also, a bay Mare, three years old, thirteen hands high, no brand, trot and paces, appraised to \$1. 10s.

William Ross.

January 21, 1795.

FOR SALE.

A LOT, twenty by sixty-six feet, at the corner of Water and Cross Streets, on which is a two story framed house, also a good stable. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

Archibald Brown. Lexington, April 9, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Harrod's creek, in Bourbon county, a black Mare, 4 years old, the brand not legible, a star in her forehead, about fourteen hands high, natural trotter, valued to \$1.

James Mitchell.

GEORGE SMART, CLOCK & WATCH MAKER, FROM BRITAIN.

AT the corner of Main and Mulberry streets, in the brick house lately occupied by Mr. Clark, thinks it necessary to acquaint the public, that he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches; those who are pleased to favor him with their custom, may depend upon its being done with punctuality and dispatch. He has a neat assortment of thirteen inch plain double moon and seconds from the center, eight day and thirty hour Clocks; likewise a few Gold and Silver Watches, which will be sold upon reasonable terms.

N E W BOOK STORE &c.

The PRINTER hereof has just received an assortment of BOOKS FOR SALE, Of which the following is a CATALOGUE

APOLLO, Blair's Lectures, Bonycastle's Arithmetic, Bartram's Travels, Circle of Sciences, Croxall's Fables, Dodley's do. Divine pastime, Entertaining Novellist, Ezra Pater's Prognostications for ever, Father's Blessing, Geography for Youth, History of the World for Children, of England, of London, Lowth's English Grammar, Lord Summers on Juris, Pope's life, Police Learning, Payne Aday on Courts Martial, Romans's East and West Florida, Rational Sports, Sandford & Merton, School Master's Assistant, Sheridan's English Grammar, School Dialogues, Thompson's Seasons, Treasury of Arts and Sciences, Young book-keeper's Assistant.

Afflicted Man's Companion, Animal conversion on Universal Salvation, Aspasia vindicated, American Preacher, Blair's sermons, Baxter's call, Baptist Confession of Faith, Conflagration: A Poem on the last day, Corbett's Self employment, Call of the Son of God, Death of Abel, Doddridge's rite and progress, Divine Songs for Children, Ditto with cuts, Divine breacings, Economy of Human life, Easy method with Deists, Gregory's Father's Legacy, Hervey's Meditations, Jerusalem sinner saved, Jewney's token for Children, key of Knowledge, Mourner; or a afflicted relieved, Marshall's Catechism, Moral Songs, Paradise lost, Psalms with Henry's notes, without, The Poise, Rowe's (Mrs.) Exercises, Russell's seven Sermons, Winchester's Dialogues, Webster's Sermons, Watt's Psalms, Psalms and Hymns, Lyric Poems, Testaments, Primers, Receipts of Books, Acts of Assembly, and Almanacs.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing the following papers, (to wit) a bond from Afa Webb, to Connel O'Donald, for twenty five pounds, Virginia currency, to be paid on demand, assigned by said O'Donald to the subscriber, and by him to James Campbell, the bond was dated some time last summer; also a note from me to said James Campbell, for nineteen pounds, payable in cattle, some time in the present month, and dated some time in December last. Likewise a note for ten pounds from me, payable to said Connel O'Donald, on demand; as no payments will be made thereon unless compelled by law.

Matthew Kavenaugh. April 6, 1795.